













For Immediate Release February 25, 2025

Pharmacy Organizations Press for Immediate PBM Reform as Health Subcommittee Holds Hearing

Washington, DC – As the Health Subcommittee of the U.S. House Energy and Commerce Committee holds a hearing this week, a coalition of organizations representing pharmacies and pharmacists across all practice settings is praising "continued scrutiny" and pressing for "immediate action" on pharmacy benefit manager (PBM) reform.

The multi-association coalition – including the National Association of Chain Drug Stores, the National Community Pharmacists Association, the American Pharmacists Association, the National Association of Specialty Pharmacy, FMI – The Food Industry Association, the National Grocers Association, and the National Alliance of State Pharmacy Associations – stated the following in a letter to House Energy and Commerce Committee Chairman Brett Guthrie (R-KY), Committee Ranking Member Frank Pallone (D-NJ), Health Subcommittee Chairman Buddy Carter (R-GA), and Subcommittee Ranking Member Diana DeGette (D-CO):

As pharmacists and pharmacy owners and operators across all practice settings, we strongly encourage continued scrutiny of some market-dominant pharmacy benefit manager (PBM) middlemen practices that inflate prescription drug costs for more than 300 million Americans, force pharmacy closures in many small towns and under-resourced areas, and block access to Americans' pharmacies of choice.

We trust that under your leadership, the House Energy and Commerce Health Subcommittee hearing this week will set the stage for immediate action to enact PBM reforms that gained overwhelming bipartisan and bicameral support during the 118th Congress.

Since January 2018, more than 5,800 U.S. pharmacies have closed, representing nearly 10 percent of all pharmacies. In 2023 alone, 1,338 pharmacies shut down, followed by 1,364 more in 2024, averaging 3.7 closures per day. Speaking with one voice, we urge the U.S. Congress to immediately send to the president's desk the must-pass PBM reforms in Medicare and Medicaid that would finally address harmful PBM practices.

During the 118th Congress, our organizations and individual members provided examples of harmful PBM practices we have warned about for upwards of 15 years. Left unabated and unchecked by federal action, these tactics and their devastating effects will continue to escalate and, without early action in the 119th Congress, will reach new extremes in 2025.

Thankfully, recognition of the damaging practices by some of the dominant PBMs is now prevalent among Republicans and Democrats, conservatives and progressives, federal and state governments, employers, unions, patient groups, providers, rural and urban health advocates, and a wide range of media outlets.

The following aspects of reform are absolutely necessary to ensure that a reform package is effective and can be supported by pharmacies:

- Medicaid managed care pharmacy payment reform and a ban on spread pricing by requiring 100 percent pass-through to the pharmacy of the ingredient costs and of the professional dispensing fee which could allow the federal government and states to save billions of dollars.
 - Ensuring fair and adequate Medicaid managed care pharmacy reimbursement from PBMs to cover the cost of acquiring and dispensing prescription drugs.
 - Requiring National Average Drug Acquisition Cost (NADAC) survey participation to help establish benchmarks for Medicaid reimbursement to pharmacies, which can be used to ensure fair reimbursement to pharmacies in Medicaid-managed care and in the commercial markets.
- Requiring the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) to define and enforce
 "reasonable and relevant" Medicare Part D contract terms, including information about
 reimbursement and dispensing fees, and establishing in Medicare Part D an approach by
 which "any willing pharmacy" can truly participate and serve patients. More than 50 million
 Medicare Part D beneficiaries rely on prescription drug plans managed by PBMs. This
 change would ensure they have access to a broader network of pharmacies that can
 provide them with essential care.

These policies have been the subject of bipartisan and bicameral work across committees of jurisdiction, creating a robust package of Medicare, Medicaid, and commercial market reforms that also include:

- Promoting transparency of insurer claims and reimbursement information to the pharmacy, including independent audits and enforcement measures in Medicare Part D.
- Prohibiting PBM compensation in Medicare Part D from being tied to the manufacturer's list price of a drug.
- Prohibiting spread pricing in commercial markets.

We urge Congress to enact this year what should be considered must-pass legislation: PBM reforms that Congress has developed and agreed upon and which Americans and their pharmacies desperately need.

More information about the pharmacy organizations is available online:

National Association of Chain Drug Stores

National Community Pharmacists Association

American Pharmacists Association

National Association of Specialty Pharmacy

FMI - The Food Industry Association

National Grocers Association

National Alliance of State Pharmacy Associations